

How to use Gaussian Elimination to solve a

Example

$$\begin{cases} -3x + 3y + z + 4k = 1 \\ x - y + 2z + 3k = 2 \\ 2x + y + z - 2k = 3 \end{cases}$$

system of equations

I can rewrite this as three matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ k \end{bmatrix}$$

In the next step I have to transform matrix  $[A|B]$  into  $[I|I]$  using elementary operations on matrices:

$$\begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2: R_2 - 3R_1 \\ R_3: R_3 - 2R_1}} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1: R_1 + R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3: R_3 - 3R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & -9 & 7 & 14 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

1<sup>o</sup> I want to have 1 in here.      2<sup>o</sup> I need 0's in here.      3<sup>o</sup> I want 0 in here.      4<sup>o</sup> I need 0 in here

$$\begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & -9 & 7 & 14 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3: R_3 + 9R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1: R_1 - 7R_3} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -17 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2: R_2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \\ R_1: R_1 + 17R_3}} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

5<sup>o</sup> To have last row I need 1 in here.      6<sup>o</sup> To end 1st row I need 0 in here.      7<sup>o</sup> To have  $R_3$  I need 0 in here.

$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} x & y & z & k \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{Row operations}} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} x & y & z & k \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right]$   
 $\downarrow$   
 One extra column.

Result:

$$\begin{cases} x - 1\frac{7}{9}k = \frac{7}{9} \\ y - \frac{5}{9}k = \frac{10}{9} \\ z + 2\frac{1}{9}k = \frac{10}{9} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 1\frac{7}{9}k + \frac{7}{9} \\ y = \frac{5}{9}k + \frac{10}{9} \\ z = -2\frac{1}{9}k + \frac{10}{9} \end{cases}$$